THE PANDEMIC’S IMPLICATIONS ON THE EXISTING WORLD ORDER: CHANGING IN STATE RELATIONS AND HUMAN BEHAVIORS

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ABSTRACT

Objective: This research aimed at tracing and analyzing the reasons that stood behind the world coronavirus crisis. It discussed the nature and reasons that made the pandemic a continuously developing case, and discrediting the claims made by the competing countries that pandemic was caused by bats, and showing the legitimacy of vaccines in light of not taking enough time to ensure their effect and human safety of side effects.

Method: The research used the legal, the researcher used historical, descriptive-analytical, comparative, and legal methods for the purposes of answering the research questions and testing the hypothesis based on the hypothesis that there is a correlation between the international competition for world leadership and subjugating their peoples to control them with new colonial tools.

Result: The research showed that the world today is facing a complex humanitarian crisis, which may require control and treatment for several years to come; and the pandemic has proven the weak role of the World Health Organization, which has long been working for the benefit of powerful countries; and the world has become insecure, and humanity is in danger. There are evildoers whose goal is to destroy humanity to fulfill their whims and demonic desires.

Conclusion: The research concluded that that the pandemic was used as a third world war by proxy to weaken the world and enslave its peoples by recolonizing it in a new form with an economic flavor, thus insulting human rights and international law.

Keywords: pandemic, coronavirus, COVID-19, world order, rivalry, crisis, human rights, conspiracy.

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AS IMPLICAÇÕES DA PANDEMIA NA ORDEM MUNDIAL EXISTENTE: MUDANÇA NAS RELAÇÕES DE ESTADO E COMPORTAMENTOS HUMANOS

RESUMO

Objetivo: Esta pesquisa teve como objetivo rastrear e analisar as razões por trás da crise mundial do coronavírus. Discutiu a natureza e as razões que tornaram a pandemia num caso em constante desenvolvimento e desacreditou as alegações feitas pelos países concorrentes de que a pandemia foi causada por morcegos, e mostrou a legitimidade das vacinas à luz de não se ter dedicado tempo suficiente para garantir os efeitos e a segurança humana dos efeitos secundários.

Método: A pesquisa utilizou os métodos legais, descritivos-analíticos, comparativos e jurídicos para responder às questões de pesquisa e testar a hipótese baseada na hipótese de que há uma correlação entre a competição internacional pela liderança mundial e subjugar seus povos para controlá-los com novas ferramentas coloniais.

Resultado: A pesquisa mostrou que o mundo hoje enfrenta uma crise humanitária complexa, que pode exigir controle e tratamento por muitos anos no futuro; e a pandemia provou o papel fraco da Organização Mundial da Saúde, que há muito trabalha em benefício de países poderosos; e o mundo se tornou inseguro, e a humanidade está em perigo. Há malfeitores cujo objetivo é destruir a humanidade para cumprir seus caprichos e desejos demoníacos.

Conclusão: A pesquisa concluiu que a pandemia foi usada como terceira guerra mundial por procuração para enfraquecer o mundo e escravizar seus povos, recolonizando-o em uma nova forma com um sabor econômico, insultando assim os direitos humanos e o direito internacional.

Palavras-chave: pandemia, coronavírus, COVID-19, ordem mundial, rivalidade, crise, direitos humanos, conspiração.

1 INTRODUCTION

The Corona pandemic is one of the most dangerous crises facing the world in the twenty-first century, as its violent repercussions have affected all mankind. Global statistics indicate that the number of cases of infection reached, until mid-June 2021, about 192,281,943 million infected and more than 4,134,016 million confirmed deaths, and about 174,965,660 million confirmed recovered (worldometers.info, 2021). With the increase in infections and the transformation that accompanied it in most countries of the world, which are now suffering from the consequences of this pandemic. The third world countries are among the countries exposed to crises accompanying the pandemic, because of corruption, economic stagnation, lack of food and medicine, weak health infrastructure, and other matters related to development and sustainable development, and the consequent impact of services provided to the population and its consequences on society. Certainly, third-world countries may be among the most affected countries in the world as a result of this pandemic (un.org/development/desa/dpad/publication, 2020).
Coronavirus is a common virus that causes infections in the nose, sinuses, or upper throat. Coronavirus is known as the coronavirus because of its crown-like shape, and although there is not much research on how this virus is infected or transmitted from one person to another, it is believed that it is transmitted through respiratory secretions in one way; through the air, after an infected person coughs or sneezes without covering his mouth, or by touching, by shaking hands or touching the infected person or touching a surface or object carrying the virus and then touching the eyes, nose or mouth (Christian, 2018).

Coronavirus is a large family of viruses that infect humans and animals. Many types of coronavirus cause respiratory infections in humans. The latest coronavirus is caused by a virus that was discovered with the disease Coronavirus (COVID-19). This virus and its associated symptoms were not known before it spread in the Chinese city of Wuhan in December of the year 2019 (WebMD.com, 2019).

Through this research, light will be shed on the Corona pandemic and the fate of the international system during the pandemic and its aftermath; it means showing the impact of the pandemic and its effect on the world. It is important to clarify the difference between the two terms (impact) and (Effect), simply that the term “impact” expresses the present of the world in the time of the pandemic, while the term “effect” expresses the future of the world in the time of post-pandemic. To approach; (Impact) is an instantaneous measurement tool, while (Effect) is a posterior measurement tool. To clarify, the tourism sector (for example) has been completely disrupted in the world due to the impact of the pandemic, but the effect of this disruption on the world has not yet been calculated.

2 THE GENERAL FRAMEWORK OF THE RESEARCH
2.1 THE RESEARCH PROBLEM

It is important to know the hidden causes behind the pandemic for more than two years. As well as knowing the reason for the conspiracy of the competing countries to lead the world to create the pandemic; Through which it is trying to completely control the countries and peoples of the world, which made the peoples of the world mercilessly under the weight of the consequences of the pandemic. Therefore, this research attempts to turn history back a hundred years, where after World War II the Cold War began between the great powers that were competing for world leadership, and the world today...
is witnessing and facing a similar situation in which a third-world war is embodied by the pandemic, and after that, the Cold War will begin again between the East is led by China and the West is led by the US. This approach should be highlighted and the world should be reminded of it once again.

2.2 THE RESEARCH HYPOTHESIS

The research starts from the hypothesis that; there is a correlation between the international competition for world leadership and the fabrication of the Corona pandemic to weaken the countries of the world and subjugate their peoples and control them with new colonial tools.

2.3 THE RESEARCH QUESTIONS

The research raises a number of questions that it tries to answer, which are: What is the nature of the Corona pandemic? And what is the motive for the competing countries’ adoption of the idea of spreading the pandemic in the world? What are the consequences of the pandemic on the world? What is the ethical and human dimension in controlling the pandemic? What are the possible post-pandemic scenarios and what the people of the world is required to do?

2.4 THE RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

According to the research questions, the research seeks to achieve the following goals: Knowing the reality of the Corona pandemic; Knowing the motives that prompted the competing countries to create and spread the pandemic in the world; Standing on the repercussions of the pandemic on the world; defining the ethical and humanitarian dimension of pandemic control; Finally, clarifying what the countries and peoples of the world should do to criminalize the competing countries and put an end to them so that such crimes against humanity will not be repeated in the future by any party.

2.5 THE RESEARCH IMPORTANCE

It is of great importance to shed light on the Corona pandemic, which has occupied the entire world for nearly two years, and which has caused many issues at all levels against the peoples and countries of the world. It is necessary to know what the pandemic is, to reveal and expose its causes; And what the aggressive, evil forces seek, whether at
the intellectual level or in practice, which amounts to systematic, organized terrorism against all humanity. One of the scientific importance of this research is that it benefits scholars, researchers, those interested, and analysts in the field of conflicts, rivalries, and conspiracies, as it can provide information and facts that clarify the nature and reality of what has been going on in the year for more than two years. While the practical importance of this research lies in the importance and necessity of informing the politicians of the countries of the world and knowing the dimensions of this pandemic and how to deal with it at the level of theory and practice in the coming years.

3 THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK AND LITERATURE REVIEW OF THE RESEARCH

The research deals with five axes; Where these five themes discuss assumptions and perceptions from an analytical perspective according to the researcher’s opinion based on the readings and analyses of specialists and followers of the repercussions of the pandemic on the world from various academic, media and political sources around the world based on relevant theories of international relations and crisis management. The first axis talks about the nature and reality of the pandemic; the second discusses the impact of the pandemic on the world; the third explores the effect of the pandemic on the world; the fourth discusses the ethical human dimension in controlling the pandemic, and the fifth axis anticipates the possible post-pandemic scenarios and the peoples of the world is required to do; therefore, the five axes are as follows:

3.1 THE FIRST AXIS: NATURE AND REALITY OF THE CORONA PANDEMIC

This axis stems from three questions about the nature of the pandemic, whether the pandemic is an epidemic like any other natural disease; a conspiracy created by human evils, or a punishment from God and a message from heaven? All are just worthwhile assumptions.

If we assume that the pandemic is an epidemic, and a natural disease, the effect of this disease would not be the same as the pandemic today. Where most epidemiologists agree that infectious diseases need many years to spread, they adapt first in the area they are afflicted and then spread, and this is in contrast to what happened to the pandemic that spread in the world like wildfire. Therefore, the assumption that the coronavirus is a
pandemic means a natural disease is incorrect and questionable (Workshop Summary, 2007).

But if we assume that the pandemic is a conspiracy; this assumption leads us to the fact that the suspicion of conspiracy revolves around both China in the east and America in the west. Some believe that there is agreement and rapprochement between these two countries, while others believe conflict and rupture between them. In the first belief, they agree to divide the world, an East controlled by China, and a West ruled by America. While In the second belief, they are battling for world leadership. For years, China has been seeking to rise in search of an international position in which it leads the world, while the world's dominant America is also seeking to maintain its prestige, dominance, and leadership of the world for decades. Although China and America are playing a zero-sum game, meaning that each side seeks to destroy the other, they are careful not to enter into a direct military confrontation. So what is known as germ warfare was present, and from here the pandemic began. So the assumption that the pandemic is a conspiracy is possible.

But if we assume that the pandemic is a punishment from God; this assumption leads us to the reality of the world in which we live today, which is more like the law of the jungle, without justice, in which the world is governed by the law of force and not by the force of law. Many countries have been destroyed, oppressed, and powerless peoples, lives lost, rights robbed, and sanctities desecrated. The balance of the universe was disturbed; and here the Creator intervened, as a victory for truth and humanity, so that the pandemic would be a divine message for everyone who wreaks havoc on the earth, saying, I am your supreme Lord, and to whom does the sovereignty belong today. Therefore, it is possible to assume the pandemic is divine punishment and wrath (fbcpiedmont.org, 2020).

3.2 THE SECOND AXIS: IMPACT OF THE PANDEMIC ON THE WORLD

Politicians, thinkers, activists, and other actors at the global level are racing to predict the future of the world and humanity after the Corona pandemic, amid an almost absolute consensus that things will not return to the way they were before.

Undoubtedly; the world of the near future will be somewhat different from today's world due to the pandemic crisis. Among the initial changes the world is witnessing is a clear change in the balance of power between China and the West. However, it is too early
to talk about the political and economic consequences of what is happening in the world now, as the world is facing a war against an invisible enemy that target everyone regardless of race, religion, gender, or geography.

Among the future perceptions and analyses of the world’s image after this pandemic, it will strengthen the dominance of countries and enhance their national orientations, and all types of governments and regimes adopt emergency measures to manage the crisis that give the authorities greater control that will not give up easily (Werman, 2020).

Of course; The world is witnessing an acceleration in the transfer of the center of power and influence from the West, to Asian countries, especially China, due to its ability to combat and control the pandemic with minimal human losses, which may improve its image against the image of Western countries, especially America, which dealt with the crisis in a random way away from Seriousness and respect for the seriousness of the enemy that took the lives of many human beings.

Inevitably, this pandemic has created a less open world and a state of slow death, and will not contribute, as some say, to the fact that it will create a new era of global interdependence. On the contrary, the interactions between global powers are escalating and the competition between them continues for the worse.

Hence, world leaders should be aware of the emergence of a new era, and everyone must first combat the pandemic and anticipate its effects. The Researcher believes that everyone in this world has begun to draw Lessons and resentments because this crisis has taught us a lot and that many of the certainty, convictions, and beliefs prevailing in this world will inevitably disappear. That humanity will triumph over this pandemic and humanity will be morally stronger; despite the recent racist practices in the world (un.org/en/un, 2020).

Yes, we live today under the influence of globalization; It is what helped the pandemic to spread somewhat, but people will deal more realistically with globalization because most of the people of the world have become aware that globalization is basically the problem. What we witnessed before the pandemic is an immoral competition between China on the one hand and America on the other; the pandemic was the final blow to globalization, especially economic globalization (bbc.com/arabic/world, 2020).

Thus, the pandemic has forced countries to enhance their ability to deal with economic self-isolation, so it is unlikely that the world will return to the idea of
globalization in the form that prevailed, especially since most countries also believe that globalization is the one that contributed to the spread of the epidemic in the world so quickly, this requires the wisdom of the world's political leaders to maintain international cooperation to safeguard the common gains from global economic integration.

In this context; it is not believed that the pandemic will be able to change the essence of global economic trends, but it will accelerate the change that has already begun, namely the departure from US-centric globalization towards China-centric globalization. And what confirms this is; The Americans have lost their faith in globalization and international trade. In contrast, China has not lost faith in international trade but has experienced an amazing economic recovery in the past few years. The Chinese have also increased their self-confidence, and the belief in Chinese society, in contrast to American society, that they are capable of challenging everyone (Joseph E. Stiglitz, Robert J, 2020).

The pandemic has not only proven the failure of globalization, but also the extent of its weakness, deception, and incorrectness of what has been promoted to justify its existence. With the onset of the pandemic, all countries that promoted globalization, and benefited from it economically and strategically, rushed to close in on themselves; The pandemic also proved that globalization was serving international capitalist systems at the expense of the poor in third-world countries. And globalization is simply, the capitalist infidelity that created a God who worships the economy.

The relationship between the great powers was not in the way it is today, and the world must either come together or unite together to face the pandemic or fail. Unfortunately, most international research institutions do not talk about cooperation between countries, as much as whether it is China or the United States that will lead the post-pandemic world. It is as if this pandemic has turned into a competition for world leadership, and the countries that responded to the crisis most effectively are the ones that will gain international standing in the future and are worthy of leading the world.

By following up on the assessment of some global research institutions of the permanent change that the pandemic will result in international policy, it is noted that there are two conflicting narratives and it is important to promote and circulate them, both of which are important: the first talks about the importance of cooperation between countries to combat the pandemic in a serious and effective manner; While the second
sees the importance of distancing between countries so that they can protect themselves from the pandemic.

Here it can be said; The United States, if its primary goal is to maintain global supremacy, has to engage in zero-sum geopolitical competition, politically and economically, and wrestle with China. But if its goal is to improve the welfare of the American people, whose social condition has deteriorated, would engage in non-zero geopolitical competition, politically and economically, and cooperate with China. Here we will leave it to the future and observe, what will the United States choose, conflict or cooperation; Although the issue of cooperation with China may be excluded, as the United States will most likely go to the first option, which is related to the zero-sum game, which is conflict.

3.3 THE THIRD AXIS: EFFECT OF THE PANDEMIC ON THE WORLD

Despite everything that has happened and is happening in the world of negative repercussions as a result of the impact of the pandemic on most of the vital sectors in the world so far; however, it is still too early to predict, but it is expected that the relative success of countries in overcoming the pandemic and its economic effects will exacerbate or reduce security issues, and polarization within societies, and in both cases, the centralization of governments will return to overwhelm and restrict the freedom of peoples, because all regimes Politics are tending to close in on themselves now, in search of independence and control over their own destiny, and of course humanity is heading towards a world that is poorer and more unemployed. However, hope still exists before the world, if the world's political units cooperate at the regional and international levels in finding real partnerships to effectively confront the threat of the pandemic (un.org/ar/un, 2020).

The world today needs a strategy based on cooperation, and no country in the world, whether it is a super, major, or otherwise, has the ability alone to confront the effects of this pandemic, as the key to victory is cooperation among them while preserving and thinking each country in its national interest first.

In this context; Undoubtedly; The countries that will succeed and triumph over the pandemic, whether through their advanced political, economic, and health systems, will show that they have outperformed other countries that have been greatly affected by them. People will begin to compare democratic and authoritarian regimes again in terms
of how they respond and deal with the pandemic. Therefore, this crisis will change the structure of international power in unknown ways, the relative tension between countries will increase and global economic activity will decrease; Its repercussions will be particularly significant for developing countries and other countries that have a large proportion of economically vulnerable workers. The international system will come under great pressure, which will lead to widespread instability and conflict within and across countries.

And accordingly; Countries will rush to close themselves more, to focus their attention on what is happening within their borders rather than outside. It is expected to take greater steps towards selective self-sufficiency given weak supply chains; a further restriction of large-scale immigration and tourism; Low willingness or commitment to address regional or global problems to rebuild at home and deal with the economic consequences of the pandemic. That is why many countries will have difficulty recovering, and weak and failed states will become more prevalent in the world.

Of course, the pandemic will have huge and long-term effects on the global economy and the economies of countries alike, such as reduced production, high unemployment rates, and economic stagnation. This is what has begun to appear, with the drop in oil prices to a very low level that threatens the oil companies and the oil-exporting countries that depend heavily on oil revenues in their various sectors. Inevitably, the longer the pandemic continues, the greater the likelihood of a financial crisis far more serious than the one the world experienced in 2008 (blogs.worldbank.org,2020).

It is important to note also that the pandemic will cause social problems for the future of the world. The social consequences may be larger and deeper than the consequences of the economic pandemic, especially in Western societies; Where individuals live a soft life and have not been exposed to much of the vicissitudes of life, the individual may become more psychologically vulnerable, so it is expected that the victims of suicide will be much larger than the victims of the pandemic itself.

The already low birth rates are expected to decrease in Western countries. Those countries are expected to be less attractive to immigrants; which means that there will be a sharp population decline and will witness severe economic consequences as well (International Organization for Migration, 2004).

In light of these major and accelerating social and economic changes caused by the pandemic, the world may witness an escalation of the struggle of the major powers to
lead the world, and the preoccupation of those forces with themselves and their closing, to a large extent, inward; This will result in the formation of new economic and political alliances and blocs in terms of quality and quantity (Khairiah, 2023).

Although this pandemic is the most challenging global crisis and a threat to humanity in this century; However, it could lead to a human symbiosis to challenge it; Especially since manifestations of solidarity and a sense of humanity have been present since the beginning of the crisis in most countries of the world, and this may herald a better future in the world. It is expected that the colonial aspirations and capabilities of the major powers will decline and significantly reduce their foreign military power as a result of their preoccupation with themselves. The armies are largely preoccupied with either protecting themselves from the pandemic or protecting their people, and many of these forces have withdrawn their forces from abroad. These variables may provide a rare opportunity to formulate a new, more just world order. It is also an opportunity for the developing world to press for the formulation of an international system that is more just in economic, strategic, and political terms.

Surely the world will face; great responsibility after the pandemic at the economic and political levels; because this crisis has plunged the entire world's population into a state of comprehensive social isolation, which will lead to profound political and economic transformations in the short, medium, and long term. Science has not yet been able to fully understand it, let alone find a definitive treatment for it yet, the consequences of this pandemic will continue for a long time. This uncertainty about the duration of the impact of this pandemic adds another economic burden, which is the fear of companies and countries from pumping huge investments in an unclear future. The Pandemic is pushing huge companies towards bankruptcy as a result of declining profits and increasing debts. The report expects that with the exacerbation of the crises accompanying the spread of the new Coronavirus, the crisis has turned from a mere depression and violent stagnation to a larger crisis represented by the collapse of large companies and the declaration of bankruptcy (The Independent Newspaper, 2020).

Mental health specialists and researchers have unanimously agreed on the high rate of anxiety, tension, and excitement as a result of the measures that have been followed by various countries of the world in the face of the pandemic, represented by quarantine and forced closures and their repercussions on the societies that have suffered and are still due to the pandemic (Brooks SK, Webster RK, Smith LE, et al, 2020). Most studies on
the psychological effects of the pandemic indicate that most peoples of the earth today feel anxiety, fear, sadness, frustration, violence, quarrels, inter-disputes, and psychological diseases, as a result of the Coronavirus and its rapid spread, imposing curfews and disrupting public and private life, as precautionary measures to confront the pandemic.

Return to what was previously mentioned above. It is difficult to predict the picture of the post-pandemic world; however, most facts and expectations indicate that the world will inevitably not return to the way it was in the past. This is what the godfather of foreign policy and former US National Security Adviser, Henry Kissinger, said, saying that the Coronavirus will change the world order forever. So, the next change will be massive; and the post-Corona world will not be the same. This seriously requires intensifying the efforts of researchers, scholars, and politicians to anticipate the features of the post-Corona world, so that everyone can formulate appropriate policies to deal with this unknown future in all its details and identify the main social, economic, and strategic repercussions of the Corona pandemic on the future of the world.

3.4 THE FOURTH AXIS: ETHICAL HUMAN DIMENSION IN CONTROLLING THE PANDEMIC

It is certain that the Covid-19 pandemic caused a lot of damage to peoples and countries, and caused a global shock that contemporary history has not known for more than a hundred years. The pandemic prompted societies and countries to take urgent measures that affected various details of life and enacted emergency laws and unconventional measures to gain time and besiege the pandemic hotspots. And highlighting the strategic importance of some capabilities that have been marginalized for decades. This made some countries think for the first time in their history to follow a policy of self-reliance, which is known as the art of the possible in management science; that makes life go on with the least resources and capabilities and with the least possible losses (who.int/news/item,2020).

The pandemic has brought about a real revolution in the global system and has had its effects on the economic and social sectors and frightened people and countries, which prompted them to change their behavior and ways of life. With all these consequences that the pandemic has had on the human community; it is important to draw lessons and learn from them. The pandemic brought back to all humanity the feeling of
humanity and its value in an era in which the standards of humanity were violated, as it revived in the hearts of human beings the meanings of compassion and solidarity and the feeling of the suffering of the poor and the oppressed in various parts of the earth, as well as the sense of the tragedy of the besieged and displaced in the world due to wars or ethnic cleansing that the world is witnessing today in many regions.

It is also possible that the pandemic will restore the human being of the third millennium, the human being of globalization and capitalism, and the human being of matter and instinct, his humanity, dignity, rationality, and wisdom, making him discover himself again with much objectivity and realism. And that the human society reviews its priorities, values, and modernist theses that are incompatible with religion, instinct, and nature, and realizes that the race towards arms, declaring wars, spreading a culture of murder, destroying human nature and moral values, and undermining all divine standards are caused by skepticism, extremist civic and secularism (Küng, 2005, Aljazeera.net, 2020).

The pandemic in the world has turned from a health crisis to a moral crisis and revealed the reality of human greed and self-love, as well as the instinct of love of control in many countries that used to glorify human rights and the sanctity of law, becoming selfish by all standards that only care about themselves.

Most people of the earth wonder about the changes that the pandemic will cause in the world after its departure, and how people will live their lives after recovering from this crisis without trouble and difficulty in social integration, especially after separation and obsession with fear of the other. Certainly, every humanitarian crisis, whatever it may be, has effects and consequences, and resilience in the face of its repercussions requires management and a will that is no less important than the one that was the reason for resisting, combating, and getting rid of it.

Hence, certainly, the psychological effects of the pandemic crisis will be more severe than its economic and financial effects, especially on the social and intellectual side of humans, and the return of human relations to their previous era, after nearly two years of separation, will be a social challenge, to redraw the features of society and its borders again. This is what most political systems in the world will face in how to rehabilitate societies.

Human experiences throughout history and the ages indicate that opportunities are born from the womb of suffering. The First and second world wars taught humanity the
meaning of "human rights", the ugliness of war, and the value of global peace and security. These are values that have been clearly violated in recent decades. Undoubtedly, the pandemic will contribute to re-evaluating many of their political, economic, and moral options. The pandemic crisis has constituted an awakening of the collective conscience, and it is supposed to reconsider many values and practices and correct many of the imbalanced standards in the social balance of countries and peoples of the world.

Accordingly, this requires activating the role of civil society and voluntary work in the issue of crisis management, spreading awareness and a culture of solidarity and solidarity as well-established social values in building societies and achieving the organizational strength of states. It also requires international and international cooperation in facing risks and achieving difficult goals and collective solidarity to change bad behaviors, based on the principle of teamwork and the development of a sense of symbiosis in various areas of life, in order to correct and build social relations and enhance the concept of cooperation and achieve development, progress, and prosperity in societies.

The importance of societal discipline and order, modifying negative practices, and a sense of a common destiny, was the evidence of the positive aspects of the crisis, as well as the importance of digital interaction and the settlement of the foundations of electronic management. Bureaucracy in most countries of the world despite stressing its importance and modern necessity.

Many reports indicate that the Corona crisis not only demonstrated the failure of globalization but also proved its fragility and the falseness of many of the arguments promoted to justify it. With the onset of the pandemic, all countries that benefited from globalization, economically and strategically, rushed to close inward, limit travel, close their borders, and stockpile medical supplies. Certainly, the pandemic will kill globalization and will have long-term effects on the greater freedom of movement of individuals and goods in the future (Garver, 2020).

Some related reports indicate that while globalization was serving international capitalist systems at the expense of the poor in the Third World, the pandemic had removed those class differences and created what can be called “disease socialism”; So that the poor and the rich have become equally exposed to this epidemic, which has crossed social classes in all its degrees and classifications as it crosses countries and
continents, and this matter has inevitably made everyone equal, in terms of disability, in the face of this pandemic (American Foreign Affairs, 2020).

It has also become necessary to be aware of the importance of scientific research in the lives of people and the role of scientists in researching the serious issues that nations are going through, and this confirms the historical status of scientists in the renaissance of nations through the ages. Where the pandemic demonstrated the value of science in the face of emergencies and complex crises, a lesson that people must learn, for scientists are the real capital of societies, and they always led them toward civilizational leadership (Aljazeera.net, 2020).

It can be said that, despite the severity of the pandemic at all levels, it has taught humanity a new lesson in the concept of life.

3.5 THE FIFTH AXIS: SCENARIOS AND WORLD’S PEOPLE’S REACTIONS IN POST-PANDEMIC

According to human history and the history of international relations, the world throughout history has been exposed to many international powers, often bipolar, competing for leadership, management, and control of the world. For example, but not limited to, the ancient world witnessed two powers that were competing to run the world, namely the Persians in the east and the Romans in the west, and after the Persians disappeared after that, the Romans disappeared in a few years. In contemporary history, two powers emerged: Great Britain and France. After Britain disappeared, France also disappeared from the international scene. In the middle of the last century, two superpowers emerged, the Soviet Union and the United States of America, and they competed together to rule and administer the world through the Cold War, until the Soviet Union disappeared, and the United States began to lead the world, and the world became unipolar since 1991. Through what was done in his review above, it is expected that the US power will disappear from world leadership, or at least new powers will emerge that compete with it for this leadership.

With regard to the Corona pandemic, most studies, specialists in international affairs, and scholars of international relations and its history are betting that the political map will inevitably change after the pandemic. It is expected that there will be political changes at the level of the form of the existing international system, as the new world is expected to witness a multi-polar world with the demise of unipolarity. New powers, for
example, China and Russia, are expected to compete with the US states for world leadership, and China is considered one of the countries most inclined to change the world again from a multipolar world to a unipolar one after a decade at the latest.

It is noted that China and Russia have taken advantage of the pandemic crisis in Europe by providing generous aid and appearing in a humanitarian guise in the absence of an American role in this regard; Unlike America, which entered into an open diplomatic conflict with Europe and other regions of the world, and abandoned providing aid to European countries and other countries of the world, which gave China and Russia the opportunity to ride the wave, and they were able to provide what America could not provide. Accordingly, Europe and the rest of the world may react by greatly reducing their support for America; this increases the influence of China and Russia around the world. It is worth noting that the previous Trump administration had greatly damaged the image of the United States in front of the countries and peoples of the world, and this would help the gradual decline of the United States' role in the international arena.

So, there are signs of a new cold war between capitalism represented by America on the one hand, and modern socialism represented by Russia and China on the other hand looming, and the pandemic will contribute to accelerating the pace of the new Cold War, and the peoples of the world should take advantage of that. The new international powers will be preoccupied with each other; Which will weaken many political systems in the world, and make them fragile and subject to fall, and it is expected that the new Cold War period will extend to the year 2030 in a multipolar world, after which the world will turn into a unipolar world, and most likely the victory will be for China, which began to roam the world east and west and leave fingerprints clear and impressive.

Certainly, the map of the world’s political forces will change after the pandemic, due to the decline and collapse of the idea of globalization in front of the people of the world, especially after the inhuman and immoral actions of some major countries that were dominated by the selfish policy of preventing the export of medical equipment to countries in need of assistance.

The pandemic will cause the collapse of many projects and economic institutions in the world, which will contribute to accelerating a global economic crisis that may be more severe than the one that the world witnessed in 2009, as this crisis will lead to the fall of many fragile countries that were accustomed to economic support throughout their lives. It is followed by a political downfall, which changes the shape of the world's
political map. Most of the world's countries depend on American support, and if America weakens and retreats, this support will inevitably be cut off from those countries (Geetika, 2023).

The state, like the human being, goes through various stages, beginning with birth, childhood, youth, old age, and finally death. So, most of the third world countries are in danger of becoming a failure and collapsing in the near future stages.

It is also expected that the pandemic will contribute to the creation of many totalitarian regimes, which will of course increase the suffering of people and restrict their freedom as a result of their repressive and tyrannical policies. It is possible that totalitarian regimes will create crises and wars and spread chaos in many regions of the world in order to open new markets for the sale of their military and war industries and other related industries.

As for the economically safer countries, they are the ones that have self-sufficiency in foodstuffs and the tools for their manufacture, and they depend on domestic, not international, and foreign investments. Here it leads us to recall the noble prophetic saying, which states that there is no good in a nation that eats what it, does not plant, and wears what it does not makes (Anderson, Rainie, Vogels, 2021). And as Khalil Gibran said: Pity the nation that wears a cloth it does not weave and eats a bread it does not harvest (Gibran).

4 METHODOLOGY

4.1 RESEARCH'S APPROACHES

The research used historical, descriptive-analytical, comparative, and legal methods for the purposes of answering the research questions and testing the hypothesis.

4.2 RESEARCH'S AREA

This research deals with a global issue that emerged in late 2019, known as the Corona pandemic or (Covid-19). As it affected the entire world and caused general paralysis in all sectors of life of all kinds, and terrorized all mankind for more than two years.
4.3 RESEARCH'S DATA COLLECTION

Pandemic developments were monitored through various media outlets. So, the research idea was formed for the researcher on the subject of the pandemic in an initial way, and the research idea was divided into five axes that deal with the nature and reality of the pandemic, the extent of its impact on the world, its repercussions on the world, the human moral dimension in how to deal with the pandemic, and future perceptions. After that, information and data related to each of the five research axes were collected from their official sources (visual, spoken, and written) and duly documented. And then the relevant information and data were read and reviewed and discussed with those interested in the subject of the research from the experts and academics, and then the research was started until it was produced in this final form.

4.4 RESEARCH'S ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORK

The analytical framework for this study is derived from the realist, Behavioral and Role theories as well. The realist theory sees that the states are like humans, as they have an innate desire to control others, which leads them towards collisions and wars. Patriotism is governed by values different from the values that individuals hold in their personal relationships, and they also consider that confusing individual values with state values means laying the foundation for a national disaster, because the first responsibility of the statesman is to preserve the survival of the state, and this commitment requires from him ethics that differ from those that at the individual. While the Behavioral theory, is one of the major theories in psychology, which studies behaviors that can be easily observed in the individual, and also seeks to study and explain human behavior, by analyzing the conditions that the individual lived through, the consequences of them in his environment, and the experience gained from his previous experiences; which led to his current behavior, and that is related to the realist theory is sees the states are like humans. Also, the role theory is one of the modern theories in sociology, and it believes that the behavior of the individual as well as the behavior of a state it depends on either interest, this inevitably contributes to strengthening the trust between the individual and the state with their communities.

This research conducted a thematic analysis of the gathered information and data were collected from their official sources as aforementioned in the research's data collection, and then used the aforementioned three theories in research's analytical
framework, in processing the gathered information and discussing its five axes, until this study was directed on this grammar in its final form.

5 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

5.1 THE RESULTS

In light of what was discussed and referred to in the context of this research, some of the most important relevant results can be drawn as follows: The world today is facing a complex humanitarian crisis, which may require control and treatment for several years to come. The world is facing a third world war, which is more dangerous than the first and second world wars, as it is a comprehensive war against all of humanity, fighting an invisible enemy that does not differentiate between any of humanity. The pandemic has proven the weak role of the World Health Organization, which has long been working for the benefit of powerful countries. The pandemic has demonstrated the fragility of major countries and the solidity of some smaller countries in their ability to deal with complex situations and manage emergency crises. There is a cold war looming on the horizon between East and West, which may last for several years, and will work to reshape the map of the world’s political forces again, an unstable world, moving from unipolarity to multipolarity and then to bipolarity, to settle again after that on the unipolar finally; China will win this battle, and how not, while it is planning intelligently and calmly, relying on its global weight, which constitutes a quarter of the world in everything. The world has become insecure, and humanity is in danger. There are evildoers whose goal is to destroy humanity to fulfill their whims and demonic desires. The crisis restored the confidence of the peoples of the world in themselves and moved their consciences in support of the weak and deprived in the world, and not to surrender to the fragile arrogant countries that have long controlled all the joints of the international community. The research revealed the falsehood of countries that have always claimed morals, values, democracy, and humanity, through introverted Ness and selfish behavior in dealing with the pandemic, leaving some poor and needy countries struggling with the pandemic alone, and it caused a moral crisis known as the vaccine monopoly crisis. Finally, the research showed the extent to which developed countries were ignorant of their lack of interest in distributing vaccines against Corona to third-world countries first; Because of its number, which constitutes more than two-thirds of the world's countries, and the density of its people, which constitute more than three-quarters of the Earth's population.
5.2 RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DISCUSSIONS

Based on the above results, the researcher discussed the results and recommends the following: Countries should not fully open up to each other except in accordance with the conditions of public safety and with great caution, and this requires them to cooperate seriously in combating the pandemic and to rely on self-reliance for years to come. Countries must join together to address the epidemic, because a country that is fully recovering from it does not mean that it is safe from not being infected with the epidemic again, as combating the pandemic is a global collective responsibility that requires cooperation to eliminate the last infection in the whole world so that everyone can survive. The countries of the world should demand the restructuring of the World Health Organization and liberate it from the interference of the influential countries in the world, in order to play the international role entrusted to it, away from discrimination and siding with any party. The peoples of the world should rethink the concept of the victorious countries in the First and second world wars, because of which they monopolize the veto right, either by canceling the right of the five permanent members of the UN Security Council to enjoy the veto or by granting the right of veto to all the fifteen countries of the UN Security Council with a specified period timeline. If the five permanent members enjoy the right of veto, being the victor in World War II, then the right of veto is first for the countries that will win the third world war against the pandemic. Note that most of the misfortunes, problems, and crises of the peoples of the world are a result of the veto that has been used in favor of the five countries since 1945, far from the standards that contributed to its establishment. The countries of the world should benefit from the consequences of the Soviet-American Cold War, and not fall into the trap of the new Cold War; they must group together geographically, each according to the region in which they are located, and not allow the new Cold War countries to be subjugated again and control their affairs. The peoples of the world should seriously demand knowledge of the evil group that plans to weaken, enslave and exterminate humans and confront them with a loud voice to curb their demonic destructive ambitions for humanity and the world alike forever. The people of the world should unite together and say their words out loud. Enough of the fragile arrogant countries that have always fabricated crises and wars in order to market their military and war products and industries in many regions of the world whose people were and still suffer scourge, injustice, displacement, and oppression. The people of the world must expose the lies of countries that call for morality, humanity,
democracy, human freedom, and other false allegations that have nothing to do with the truth. Finally, if the industrialized vaccines countries against Corona want to survive and recover from the pandemic first, they must distribute vaccines to all countries and peoples of the world free of charge.

6 CONCLUSION

The pandemic problem began nearly two years ago in Wuhan, China; the pandemic was and still is the focus of attention and attention of all countries of the world due to the social and economic complications that it has caused that afflicted all of humanity. As a result of the growing pandemic and its unprecedented rapid spread as an epidemic that humanity had never known before, countries began to think about how to escape from this damned epidemic; which for the countries of the world and its people was an alarm bell. To this day, the true cause of this pandemic is not known, but most observers point out that it is not a natural epidemic as it was promoted. But most experts in the history of international politics unanimously agree and confirm that it is fabricated and the goal is to rearrange the shape of the international system, which the pandemic was like a third world war, and even more dangerous than the First and second world wars, because the pandemic affected all countries of the world and all of humanity. No one can predict how long this pandemic will end, despite the hastily manufactured vaccines, but it will continue for years to come, and all countries are required to work to fight the pandemic and treat it until the last infected with it because if it is not treated completely, countries will not be safe. Once again, it is necessary to unite efforts and work together to put an end to this pandemic forever. The pandemic revealed political slack and administrative and health corruption in most countries of the world, especially countries that were believed to be major and dominant countries in the world. It also revealed the inability and weakness of the World Health Organization in predicting health disasters and how to deal with them, which necessitates reforming the WHO and liberating it from the interference of major countries that, of course, work in their favor and achieve their interests. It is certain that the coming days will reveal the truth of this pandemic, its cause and objectives, and who is behind it; and then the countries and peoples of the world are supposed to punish and criminalize everyone who was the cause of the pandemic for this immoral and irrelevant act. The research was able to answer the questions as well as to
test the hypothesis, and the results of the study were identical to the hypothesis as the researcher assumed as well.
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